

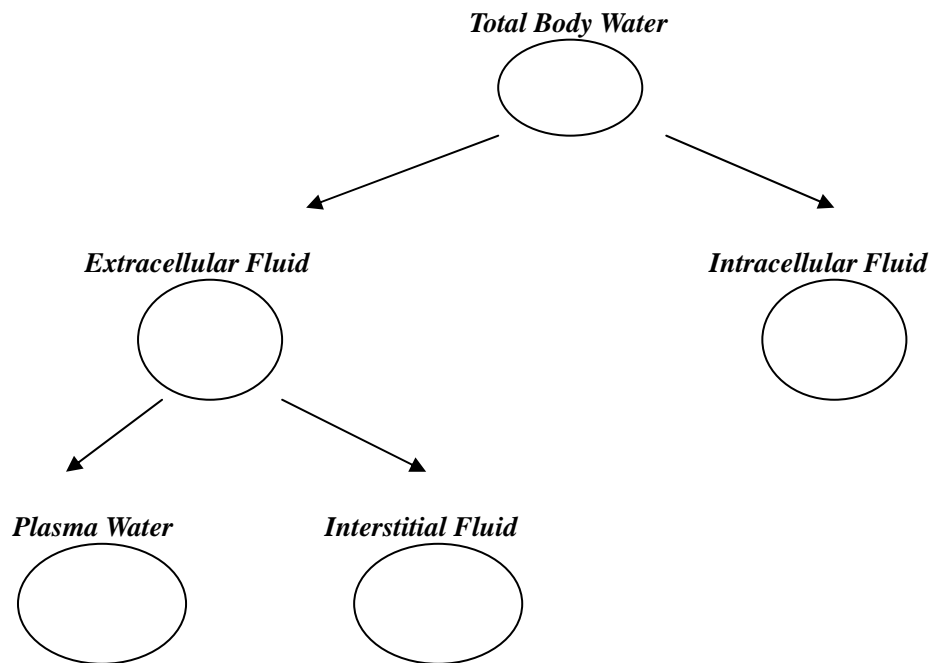
PHA 5127 (Fall, 2008)
Case Study #1
Questions

Q1. 800 mg of drug X was administered to a patient through i.v. bolus. The drug plasma concentrations monitored after injection are listed in the table below.

Time (min)	Conc. (mg/l)
2	72.9
7	57.9
15	40
30	20
60	5

- Please state whether the drug follows a zero- or a first-order elimination process.
- Estimate the elimination rate constant (k_e) and half-life ($T_{1/2}$).
- Estimate the initial plasma drug concentration (C_0) and volume of distribution (V_d).
- Estimate the initial plasma drug concentration (C_0) and $AUC_{0-\infty}$.
- Predict the drug plasma concentration 2 hrs after the injection (C_{120}).

Q2. Please fill in the missing numbers!



Q3. Mark each of the following statements True or False.

- | | | |
|---|---|--|
| T | F | For a first-order elimination process, the same amount of drug is eliminated during a given time interval. |
| T | F | For a zero-order elimination process, the half-life ($t_{1/2}$) depends on the drug concentration. |
| T | F | In a perfusion limited distribution, tissue membrane represents no barrier for the drug diffusion. |
| T | F | In a permeability limited distribution, blood flow is not important for rate of uptake. |
| T | F | Volume of distribution is the real tissue volume that contains the drug. |

Q4. Define the term biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics.